

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 8

1595 Wynkoop Street
DENVER, CO 80202-1129
Phone 800-227-8917
http://www.epa.gov/region08

2015 SEP 30 AM 10: 22

FILED EPA REGION VIII HEARING CLERK

SEP 3 0 2015

Ref: 8ENF-W

<u>CERTIFIED MAIL</u> <u>RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED</u>

Troy Nolan Chairman, Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board Bear River Town Hall 81 Elk Drive Bear River, Wyoming 82930

Re:

Administrative Order issued to the Bear River Regional Joint Powers Public Water

System, PWS ID # WY5601019, Docket No. SDWA-08-2015-0054

Dear Mr. Nolan:

Enclosed is an Administrative Order (Order) issued by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) under the authority of section 1414(g) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g). Among other things, the Order alleges that the Bear River Joint Powers Board (Board), as owner and/or operator of the Bear River Regional Joint Powers Public Water System (System), has violated the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations at 40 C.F.R. part 141 (Drinking Water Regulations).

The Order is effective upon the date received. Please review the Order and within 10 days provide the EPA with any pertinent information you believe the EPA may not have (e.g., any monitoring that may have been done but not submitted, any public notices issued but not provided to the EPA, any changes made to the public water system since the last sanitary survey, etc.).

If the Board complies with the Order, the EPA may close the Order without further action. Failure to comply with the Order may lead to substantial civil penalties and/or a federal court injunction ordering compliance.

The Small Business Regulatory Enforcement and Fairness Act (SBREFA) may apply to this situation. Enclosed is a small business information sheet, outlining compliance assistance resources available to small businesses and small governments, in case these are relevant. SBREFA does not eliminate the responsibility to comply with the Order or the Drinking Water Regulations.

Please be aware that you are required to submit to the EPA a plan and schedule for bringing the System into compliance with the Drinking Water Regulations. The EPA's approval of the plan and schedule does not substitute for any other approval that may be required by any other governmental entity for

modifying the System. The EPA encourages the Respondent to contact any such governmental agency or agencies regarding any applicable approval requirements.

To submit information or request an informal conference with the EPA, please contact Jill Minter at the above address (with the mailcode 8ENF-W) or by email at minter.jill@epa.gov or phone at (800) 227-8917, extension 6084, or (303) 312-6084. Any questions from the Board's attorney should be directed to Mia Bearley, Enforcement Attorney, who may be reached at the above address (with the mailcode 8ENF-L) or by email at bearley.mia@epa.gov or phone at (800) 227-8917, extension 6554, or (303) 312-6554.

We urge your prompt attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

Arturo Palomares, Director

Water Technical Enforcement Program

Office of Enforcement, Compliance

and Environmental Justice

Enclosures:

Order

SBREFA Information Sheet

cc: WY DEQ/DOH (via email)

Ms. Tina Artemis, EPA Regional Hearing Clerk

Mr. David K. Dasher, Operator, Bear River Regional Joint Powers Public Water System



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CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Uinta County Commissioners c/o Craig Welling, Chairman Uinta County Courthouse 225 9th Street Evanston, Wyoming 82930-3415

Re: Notice of Safe Drinking Water Act Enforcement Action against the Bear River Regional Joint Powers Water System, PWS ID # WY5601019 **DOCKET NO.:SDWA-08-2015-0054**

Dear Commissioners:

The Safe Drinking Water Act requires that the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency notify locally elected officials of certain enforcement actions taken in their area.

An Administrative Order (Order) is being issued to the Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board which owns and/or operates the Bear River Regional Joint Powers Public Water System, located in Uinta County, Wyoming, directing it to comply with the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations. The violations alleged in the Order include exceeding the maximum contaminant level for total trihalomethanes, a disinfection byproduct, failing to monitor for disinfection byproducts, exceeding the maximum contaminant level for total coliform bacteria, failing to monitor for total coliform bacteria, failing to provide the EPA with certified copies of public notices of certain violations, and failing to report certain violations to the EPA.

For more details, a copy of the Order is enclosed. **The Order does not require any response or action by the County Commission.** If you have any questions regarding this Order, please contact Jill Minter at (303) 312-6084.

Sincerely

Arturo Palomares, Director

Water Technical Enforcement Program

Office of Enforcement, Compliance

and Environmental Justice

Enclosure:

Administrative Order

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 8

		2015 SEP 30 AM 10: 23
IN THE MATTER OF:)	FILED Docket No. SDWA-08-2015-5844REGION VIII HEARING CLERK
Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board,)	ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER

1. This Order is issued under the authority vested in the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) by section 1414(g) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (Act), 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g), as properly delegated to the undersigned officials.

Respondent.

- 2. The Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board (Respondent) is a public body created by or pursuant to Wyoming law that owns and/or operates the Bear River Regional Joint Powers Public Water System (System), which provides piped water to the public in Uinta County, Wyoming, for human consumption.
- 3. The System is a consecutive system supplied by purchased water from the City of Evanston. The City of Evanston is supplied by surface water consisting of two sources, the Sulphur Creek Reservoir and/or Bear River. Treatment by the City of Evanston includes coagulation, flocculation, sedimentation, filtration, and disinfection utilizing sodium hypochlorite followed by ultraviolet light. The Respondent also injects sodium hypochlorite at the beginning of the distribution system in order to maintain the chlorine residual throughout the distribution system.
- 4. Respondent is required to monitor disinfection byproducts in accordance with the System's Stage 2 Monitoring Plan dated August 13, 2013, (Monitoring Plan), pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 141.622.
- 5. The System has approximately 440 service connections used by year-round residents and/or regularly serves an average of approximately 1200 year-round residents. Therefore, the System is a "public water system" and a "community water system" as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 141.2 and section 1401 of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f.
- 6. Respondent is subject to the Act and the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (Drinking Water Regulations) at 40 C.F.R. part 141. The Drinking Water Regulations are "applicable requirements" as defined in section 1414(i) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(i).
- 7. The Drinking Water Regulations include monitoring requirements. The EPA has sent Respondent annual notifications of the specific monitoring requirements that apply to the System.

VIOLATIONS

8. The Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for total trihalomethanes (TTHM) is 0.080 milligrams per liter (mg/l), based on a locational running annual average (LRAA) of four consecutive quarterly TTHM samples. 40 C.F.R. §§ 141.64 and 141.620. The LRAA of TTHM samples at sampling location S2-12 County Way exceeded 0.080 mg/l during the 3rd quarter of 2014 (from the fourth quarter 2013 to

Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board, Respondent Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board Water System Page 2 of 6

the third quarter 2014) and the 4th quarter 2014 (from the first quarter 2014 to the fourth quarter 2014) and, therefore, Respondent violated the TTHM MCL.

- 9. Respondent is required to collect a set of TTHM and haloacetic acids (HAA5) samples in the System's distribution system at least quarterly (40 C.F.R. § 141.621) at the locations and dates specified in the Monitoring Plan (40 C.F.R. § 141.622(a)(1)). Respondent failed to monitor the System's water for TTHM and HAA5 during September 2014 and, therefore, violated this requirement. Respondent did collect a set of TTHM and HAA5 samples in October, 2014.
- 10. If two or more samples collected in any month from the System's water are positive for total coliform, then the System has not complied with the MCL for total coliform bacteria. 40 C.F.R. § 141.63(a)(2). During the month of October 2013, two or more samples from the System were positive for total coliform, and, therefore, Respondent violated this requirement.
- 11. Within 24 hours of being notified that any routine sample of the System's water is positive for total coliform, Respondent is required to collect a set of 4 repeat samples. 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(b). Respondent took only 1 of 4 repeat samples within 24 hours of being notified of an October 14, 2014, result that was positive for total coliform and, therefore, violated this requirement.
- 12. If the System has one or more sampling results that are positive for total coliform, Respondent is required to collect at least 5 routine samples during the next month the System provides water to the public. 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(b)(5). After the System's water tested positive for total coliform on October 14, 2014, Respondent took only 2 of 5 routine samples of the system's water in November 2014 and, therefore, violated this requirement.
- 13. Respondent is required to notify the public of certain violations of the Drinking Water Regulations and, within 10 days after having completed public notice requirements, provide the EPA with a representative copy of each type of public notice that was distributed and a certification of having notified the public in full compliance with the Drinking Water Regulations. 40 C.F.R. §§ 141.201-141.211 and 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(d). Respondent did not provide the EPA with certified copies of the public notices for the TTHM MCL violations, cited in paragraph 8, and, therefore, violated these requirements.
- 14. Respondent is required to report any coliform MCL violation to the EPA no later than the end of the next business day after learning of it. 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(g)(1). Respondent did not notify the EPA of the MCL violation cited in paragraph 10, above, and, therefore, violated this requirement.
- 15. Respondent is required to report any failure to comply with any coliform monitoring requirement to the EPA within 10 days after discovering the violation. 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(g)(2). Respondent failed to report the violations cited in paragraphs 11 and 12, above, to EPA and, therefore, violated this requirement.

Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board, Respondent Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board Water System Page 3 of 6

16. Respondent is required to report any failure to comply with any Drinking Water Regulation to the EPA within 48 hours (except where the Drinking Water Regulations specify a different time period). 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(b). Respondent failed to report the violations cited in paragraphs 8, 9 and 13, above, to the EPA and, therefore, violated this requirement.

ORDER

Based on the above violations, Respondent is ordered to perform the following actions upon Respondent's receipt of this Order (unless a different deadline is specified below):

- 17. Within 90 days after receipt of this Order, Respondent shall submit to the EPA a proposed plan and schedule to bring the System into and maintain compliance with the TTHM MCL as identified in 40 C.F.R. § 141.64. The plan shall include proposed modifications to the System and estimated costs of such modifications. The schedule shall include a project start date, interim milestone deadlines, and a final compliance deadline (which shall be within one year of the project completion date). The Respondent shall not begin construction or modifications to the System before the EPA has approved Respondent's compliance schedule.
- 18. The schedule required by paragraph 17, above, shall be incorporated into this Order as an enforceable requirement upon written approval by the EPA.
- 19. Within 90 days after receipt of the EPA's approval of the schedule required by paragraph 17, above, Respondent shall provide the EPA with quarterly reports on the progress made toward bringing the System into compliance with the TTHM MCL. Each quarterly report is due by the 10th day of the month following the relevant quarter.
- 20. Within 10 days after completing all tasks included in the schedule required by paragraph 17, above, Respondent shall notify the EPA of the project's completion.
- 21. The System shall achieve compliance with the TTHM MCL by the final compliance deadline specified in the EPA-approved schedule. If the Respondent's plan fails to achieve permanent compliance, the EPA may order further steps and/or seek penalties for noncompliance.
- 22. Respondent shall monitor for TTHM and HAA5 every 90 days at the locations and on the dates identified in the Monitoring Plan, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 141.620 141.622. Respondent shall monitor at the specific locations during the months of March, June, September and December per the August 13, 2013, Monitoring Plan. Respondent shall submit the results of the LRAA compliance calculations to the EPA within 10 days following the end of each compliance period. 40 C.F.R. § 141.629(a).
- 23. If Respondent's total coliform sample results exceed the MCL while this Order is in effect, Respondent shall, within 30 days after learning of this violation, provide the EPA with a compliance

Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board, Respondent Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board Water System Page 4 of 6

plan and schedule for the System to come into compliance with the MCL for total coliform as stated in 40 C.F.R. § 141.63(a). The plan shall include proposed modifications to the System and estimated costs of such modifications. The schedule shall include a project start date, interim milestone deadlines, and a final compliance deadline (which shall be within six months of the project start date). The Respondent shall not begin construction or modifications to the System before the EPA has approved Respondent's compliance schedule.

- 24. The schedule required by paragraph 23, above, shall be incorporated into this Order as an enforceable requirement upon written approval by the EPA.
- 25. Within 90 days after receipt of the EPA's approval of the schedule required by paragraph 23, above, Respondent shall provide the EPA with quarterly reports on the progress made toward bringing the System into compliance with the total coliform MCL. Each quarterly report is due by the 10th day of the month following the relevant quarter.
- 26. Within 10 days after completing all tasks included in the schedule required by paragraph 23, above, Respondent shall notify the EPA of the project's completion.
- 27. The System shall achieve compliance with the total coliform MCL by the final compliance deadline specified in the EPA-approved schedule. If the Respondent's plan fails to achieve permanent compliance, the EPA may order further steps and/or seek penalties for noncompliance.
- 28. If any total coliform sample for the System is positive for total coliform, Respondent shall collect a set of 4 repeat samples within 24 hours of being notified of the positive result, and at least 5 routine samples during the next month in which the System provides water to the public, following the procedures in 40 C.F.R. § 141.21. Respondent shall report analytical results to the EPA within the first 10 days following the month in which Respondent receives sample results, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(a). Respondent shall report any violation of coliform monitoring requirements in 40 C.F.R. part 141 to the EPA within 10 days after discovering the violation, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(g)(2).
- 29. Within 30 days after receipt of this Order, Respondent shall provide the EPA with a representative copy of each public notice given of the violations specified in paragraph 8 and a certification of having provided public notice of each such violation in full compliance with the Drinking Water Regulations, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(d). Thereafter, following any future violation of the Drinking Water Regulations, Respondent shall comply with any applicable public notice provisions of 40 C.F.R. part 141, subpart Q. Within 10 days after providing public notice, Respondent shall submit a copy of the notice to the EPA.
- 30. If the System's water does not comply with the total coliform MCL in 40 C.F.R. § 141.63, Respondent shall report this violation to the EPA by the end of the next business day after learning of the violation, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(g)(1).

Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board, Respondent Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board Water System Page 5 of 6

- 31. For any future violation of the Drinking Water Regulations for which this Order does not specify a reporting period, Respondent shall report the violation to the EPA within 48 hours of the violation occurring, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(b). However, if the Drinking Water Regulations specify a different time period for reporting the particular violation, Respondent shall report the violation to the EPA within that different period.
- 32. This Order shall be binding on Respondent, and any person (e.g., employee, contractor, or other agent) acting in concert with Respondent.
- 33. If Respondent (a) leases or sells the System to another person or entity, or (b) contracts with or hires any other person or entity to operate the System, Respondent shall, no later than the date of such lease, sale, or other contract, provide a copy of this Order to the lessee, purchaser, or contractor. No later than 10 days thereafter, Respondent shall notify the EPA in writing of the lease, sale, or other contract, with such notification to include the name and contact information of the person who has leased, bought, or contracted to operate the System. Respondent shall remain obligated to comply with this Order even if Respondent leases the System to another person or entity or hires another person or entity to operate the System.
- 34. Respondent shall send all reporting and notifications required by this Order in writing to:

U.S. EPA Region 8 (8P-W-DW) 1595 Wynkoop Denver, Colorado 80202-1129

GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 35. This Order shall not constitute a waiver, suspension, or modification of any requirement of the Act or the Drinking Water Regulations. Issuance of this Order is not an election by the EPA to forgo any civil or criminal action.
- 36. Violation of any part of this Order or the Drinking Water Regulations may subject Respondent to a civil penalty of up to \$37,500 (as adjusted for inflation) per day of violation. 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3; 40 C.F.R. part 19.
- 37. Respondent may seek federal judicial review of this Order pursuant to section 1448(a) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300j-7(a).
- 38. This Order is effective upon receipt by Respondent and will continue to be in effect until closed by the EPA.

Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board, Respondent Bear River Regional Joint Powers Board Water System Page 6 of 6

Issued: September 30, 2015.

James H. Eppers, Supervisory Attorney

Legal Enforcement Program

Office of Enforcement, Compliance and Environmental Justice

Arturo Palomares, Director

Water Technical Enforcement Program Office of Enforcement, Compliance

and Environmental Justice



U.S. EPA Small Business Resources Information Sheet

The United States Environmental Protection Agency provides an array of resources to help small businesses understand and comply with federal and state environmental laws. In addition to helping small businesses understand their environmental obligations and improve compliance, these resources will also help such businesses find cost-effective ways to comply through pollution prevention techniques and innovative technologies.

Small Business Programs

www.epa.gov/smallbusiness EPA's Office of Small Business Programs (OSBP) advocates and fosters opportunities for direct and indirect partnerships, contracts, and sub-agreements for small businesses and socio-economically disadvantaged businesses.

EPA's Asbestos Small Business Ombudsman

www.epa.gov/sbo or 1-800-368-5888 The EPA Asbestos and Small Business Ombudsman (ASBO) serves as a conduit for small businesses to access EPA and facilitates communications between the small business community and the Agency.

EPA's Compliance Assistance Homepage

www2.epa.gov/compliance This page is a gateway industry and statute-specific environmental resources, from extensive webbased information to hotlines and compliance assistance specialists.

EPA's Compliance Assistance Centers

www.assistancecenters.net EPA's Compliance Assistance Centers provide information targeted to industries with many small businesses. They were developed in partnership with industry, universities and other federal and state agencies.

Agriculture

www.epa.gov/agriculture/

Automotive Recycling

www.ecarcenter.org

Automotive Service and Repair ccar-greenlink.org/ or 1-888-GRN-LINK

Chemical Manufacturing www.chemalliance.org

Construction

www.cicacenter.org or 1-734-995-4911

Education

www.campuserc.org

Food Processing

www.fpeac.org

Healthcare

www.hercenter.org

Local Government

www.lgean.org

Metal Finishing

www.nmfrc.org

Paints and Coatings

www.paintcenter.org

Printing

www.pneac.org

Ports

www.portcompliance.org

Transportation

www.tercenter.org

U.S. Border Compliance and Import/Export Issues

www.bordercenter.org

EPA Hotlines, Helplines and Clearinghouses

www2.epa.gov/home/epahotlines EPA sponsors many free hotlines and clearinghouses

that provide convenient assistance regarding environmental requirements. Some examples are:

Clean Air Technology Center (CATC) Info-line

www.epa.gov/ttn/catc or 1-919-541-0800

Superfund, TRI, EPCRA, RMP and Oil Information Center

www.epa.gov/superfund/contacts/infocenter/index.htm or 1-800-424-9346

EPA Imported Vehicles and Engines Public Helpline

www.epa.gov/otaq/imports or 734-214-4100

National Pesticide Information Center

www.npic.orst.edu/ or 1-800-858-7378

National Response Center

Hotline to report oil and hazardous substance spills - www.nrc.useg.mil or 1-800-424-8802

Pollution Prevention Information Clearinghouse (PPIC) - www.epa. gov/opptintr/ppic or 1-202-566-0799

Safe Drinking Water Hotline - www.epa.gov/drink/hotline/index.cfm or 1-800-426-4791

Small Business Resources

Stratospheric Ozone Protection Hotline

www.epa.gov/ozone/comments.htm or 1-800-296-1996

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Hotline tsca-hotline@epa.gov or 1-202-554-1404

Small Entity Compliance Guides

http://www.epa.gov/sbrefa/compliance-guides.html EPA publishes a Small Entity Compliance Guide (SECG) for every rule for which the Agency has prepared a final regulatory flexibility analysis, in accordance with Section 604 of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA).

Regional Small Business Liaisons

http://www.epa.gov/sbo/rsbl.htm

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Regional Small Business Liaison (RSBL) is the primary regional contact and often the expert on small business assistance, advocacy, and outreach. The RSBL is the regional voice for the EPA Asbestos and Small Business Ombudsman (ASBO).

State Resource Locators

www.envcap.org/statetools

The Locators provide state-specific contacts, regulations and resources covering the major environmental laws.

State Small Business Environmental Assistance Programs (SBEAPs)

www.epa.gov/sbo/507program.htm

State SBEAPs help small businesses and assistance providers understand environmental requirements and sustainable business practices through workshops, trainings and site visits.

EPA's Tribal Portal

www.epa.gov/tribalportal/

The Portal provides access to information on environmental issues, laws, and resources related to federally recognized tribes.

EPA Compliance Incentives

EPA provides incentives for environmental compliance. By participating in compliance assistance programs or voluntarily disclosing and promptly correcting violations before an enforcement action has been initiated, businesses may be eligible for penalty waivers or reductions. EPA has two such policies that may apply to small businesses:

EPA's Small Business Compliance Policy

www2.epa.gov/enforcement/small-businesses-and-enforcement This Policy offers small businesses special incentives to come into compliance voluntarily.

EPA's Audit Policy

www2.epa.gov/compliance/epas-audit-policy The Policy provides incentives to all businesses that voluntarily discover, promptly disclose and expeditiously correct their noncompliance.

Commenting on Federal Enforcement Actions and Compliance Activities

The Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act (SBREFA) established a SBREFA Ombudsman and 10 Regional Fairness Boards to receive comments from small businesses about federal agency enforcement actions. If you believe that you fall within the Small Business Administration's definition of a small business (based on your North American Industry Classification System designation, number of employees or annual receipts, as defined at 13 C.F.R. 121.201; in most cases, this means a business with 500 or fewer employees), and wish to comment on federal enforcement and compliance activities, call the SBREFA Ombudsman's toll-free number at 1-888-REG-FAIR (1-888-734-3247).

Every small business that is the subject of an enforcement or compliance action is entitled to comment on the Agency's actions without fear of retaliation. EPA employees are prohibited from using enforcement or any other means of retaliation against any member of the regulated community in response to comments made under SBREFA.

Your Duty to Comply

If you receive compliance assistance or submit a comment to the SBREFA Ombudsman or Regional Fairness Boards, you still have the duty to comply with the law, including providing timely responses to EPA information requests, administrative or civil complaints, other enforcement actions or communications. The assistance information and comment processes do not give you any new rights or defenses in any enforcement action. These processes also do not affect EPA's obligation to protect public health or the environment under any of the environmental statutes it enforces, including the right to take emergency remedial or emergency response actions when appropriate. Those decisions will be based on the facts in each situation. The SBREFA Ombudsman and Fairness Boards do not participate in resolving EPA's enforcement actions. Also, remember that to preserve your rights, you need to comply with all rules governing the enforcement process.

EPA is disseminating this information to you without making a determination that your business or organization is a small business as defined by Section 222 of the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act or related provisions.